

(CONTEST CODE 03)
LATIN VOCABULARY TEST
AREA-B JCL 2013

I. LATIN TO ENGLISH:

Choose the **best meaning** for each Latin word.

1. regere: A) sit B) rise C) choose D) rule
2. clārus: A) famous B) chariot C) course D) mournful
3. praeda: A) wagon B) loot C) frog D) first
4. iniūria: A) beginning B) end C) injustice D) leisure
5. quīntus: A) son B) brother C) fifth D) measurement
6. pecūnia: A) money B) punishment C) training D) peacock
7. cadere: A) cut B) fall C) yield D) shine
8. manēre: A) warn B) order C) stay D) fortify
9. cauda: A) small plate B) herd C) small ship D) tail
10. merēre: A) earn B) sell C) buy D) lie
11. sacer: A) bag B) holy C) red D) cloak
12. pontus: A) weight B) bridge C) priest D) sea
13. pretium: A) price B) danger C) beautiful D) small
14. ita: A) journey B) so C) the same D) recently
15. appellāre: A) appeal B) appear C) drive off D) call
16. āmittere: A) go away B) admit C) lose D) hurry
17. sōlus: A) sun B) son C) alone D) soil
18. haerēre: A) stick B) hear C) greet D) advise
19. praesertim: A) except B) especially C) word for word D) meanwhile
20. quot: A) how long B) how many C) how D) because

II. ENGLISH TO LATIN:

Choose **the best Latin word** for each English meaning.

21. courage: A) lanx B) multitūdō C) virtūs D) cornix
22. touch: A) tollere B) tangere C) spargere D) prōdīre
23. conquer: A) vincere B) cadere C) mūnīre D) iuvāre
24. wine jar: A) vitis B) caldārium C) thalamus D) amphora
25. no one: A) nōnus B) nēmō C) conīūnx D) nōnnūllus
26. delay: A) mora B) pōculum C) opus D) manus
27. horse: A) hortus B) eques C) equus D) aequus
28. often: A) semper B) prope C) nūper D) saepe
29. sharp; keen: A) ācer B) albus C) dēnsus D) sparsus
30. military camp: A) agger B) castra C) campus D) lōrica
31. compel: A) cūrāre B) cumulāre C) cōgere D) cōnārī

32. fire: A) incendium B) herba C) hедера D) fās
 33. torch: A) fax B) eques C) porticus D) mēnsis
 34. whatever: A) etiam sī B) quaesō C) quodcumque D) vesper
 35. empty: A) plēnus B) levis C) inānis D) ēbrius
 36. soothe: A) salīre B) mulcēre C) commeāre D) vēndere
 37. age; era: A) saeculum B) aestās C) disciplīna D) aquila
 38. gift; duty: A) liber B) moenia C) cinis D) mūnus
 39. feast: A) famula B) epulae C) columba D) sarcina
 40. slaughter: A) nex B) vix C) nox D) vōx

III. BIRDS OF A FEATHER FLOCK TOGETHER (SYNONYMS):

Choose the word **MOST SIMILAR** in meaning to the given word.

41. fēlix: A) humilis B) cupidus C) callidus D) beātus
 42. rapere: A) iacere B)prehendere C) currere D) dēlēre
 43. lectus: A) torus B) pictūra C) pīlum D) gradus
 44. epistula: A) epulae B) stola C) litterae D) statua
 45. timēre: A) terrēre B) pollicērī C) verērī D) lacrimāre
 46. temptāre: A) cōnārī B) tenēre C) velle D) legere
 47. via: A) rīpa B) proelium C) iūs D) iter
 48. nāvis: A) ratis B) salūs C) genus D) hiems
 49. ante: A) post B) propter C) prō D) inter
 50. aut: A) at B) et C) an D) autem

IV. OPPOSITES ATTRACT (ANTONYMS):

Choose the word **MOST OPPOSITE** in meaning from the given word.

51. diēs: A) nox B) deus C) senex D) sol
 52. gravis: A) mollis B) levis C) fortis D) brevis
 53. dare: A) mittere B) aestimāre C) accipere D) dōnāre
 54. citerior: A) inferior B) superior C) ulterior D) lātior
 55. pār: A) vērum B) inīquus C) pāvō D) mōns
 56. orīrī: A) occidere B) ōrāre C) clāmāre D) tacēre
 57. ūmidus: A) grandaevus B) altus C) longus D) āridus
 58. praemium: A) proelium B) poena C) praeda D) rēmigium
 59. socius: A) amīcus B) rēx C) hostis D) cauda
 60. melior: A) brevior B) pēior C) maior D) minor

V. WHICH ONE IS NOT LIKE THE OTHERS (CATEGORIES):

Choose the word that does **NOT** belong due to its meaning.

- 61. A) bōs B) aequor C) ovis D) asinus
- 62. A) mōns B) collis C) tumulus D) arbor
- 63. A) angustus B) validus C) fortis D) robustus
- 64. A) quadringentī B) septimus C) decem D) mille
- 65. A) sīca B) parma C) scūtum D) clipeus
- 66. A) maestus B) trīstis C) lūgubris D) gelidus
- 67. A) magnus B) pavidus C) immānis D) ingēns
- 68. A) dēcidere B) pāscere C) ruere D) cadere
- 69. A) gradī B) cēdere C) īre D) pendere
- 70. A) sinere B) intuērī C) aspicere D) spectāre

TIE BREAKERS:

The following questions will be used only to break ties.

Please be sure to mark your answers for the following questions as numbers 96-100 on your scantron.

Choose the **best meaning** for each Latin word.

- 96. frūmentum: A) grain B) in vain C) pleasure D) building
- 97. nocēre: A) know B) think C) harm D) rest
- 98. praeesse: A) be in charge of B) put in charge of
C) be present D) be away from
- 99. fārī: A) hurry B) speak C) carry D) become
- 100. ferus: A) iron B) arrow C) wild D) scoundrel